2 Numbers from 10 to 99



1. Count the bundles of sticks and the loose sticks. Write the numbers from 10 to 20 in blank boxes.



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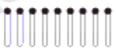






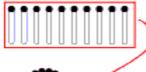




















Get your pupils to count the tens and the ones. Let them write the number in the boxes.

2. Count the bundles of sticks. Write the correct numbers in the blank boxes.























3. Look at the Number Ribbon. Write the correct number at each DOT (•)





Get your pupils to count the tens and ones and let them write the numbers in the blank boxes.

9

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ones 0





Get your pupils to count the tens and ones and let them write the numbers in the blank boxes.



5. Numbers from 31 to 40.

3 tens

ones

tens

tens

2

ones

ones

ones



35

tens

ones

tens

ones

tens

ones

37

tens

tens

ones





ones

ones

ones



0



Get your pupils to count the tens and ones and let them write the numbers in the blank boxes.

11 -

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6. Numbers from 41 to	0 50.		
]]		40 + 1 = 41
4 tens	+	1 ones	
			+ =
tens	+	ones	
tens	₩ +	3 ones	+ 3 = 43
tens	+	ones	+ =
	B		40 + = 45
4 tens	+	ones	10 10
)	00000	+ =
tens	+	ones	
			+ =
tens	4	ones	
	H.		+ 8 = 48
tens	+	8 ones	
tens	∰ <u> </u>	ones	+ =
	ī.		
4 tens	+	10 ones	+ =
			50 + 0 = 50
5 tens	+	ones (
Get your pu numbers in			nd let them write the correc



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7. Nubmbers from 51 to 60.		
		50 + 1 = 51
5 tens +	1 ones	
		+ =
tens +	ones	
	000	+ =
tens +	ones	+ =
	ŪŪŪŪ	+ =
tens +	ones	
	00000	
tens +	ones	+ =
	000000	
tens +	ones	+ =
tens +		+ =
tens +	ones	
		+ =
tens +	ones	
		+ =
tens +	ones	
5 tens +	10 ones	+ =
6 tens +	0 ones	60 + 0 = 60
Get your pupils to numbers in the bla		es let them write the correct
		Free Distribution by A.P.Government

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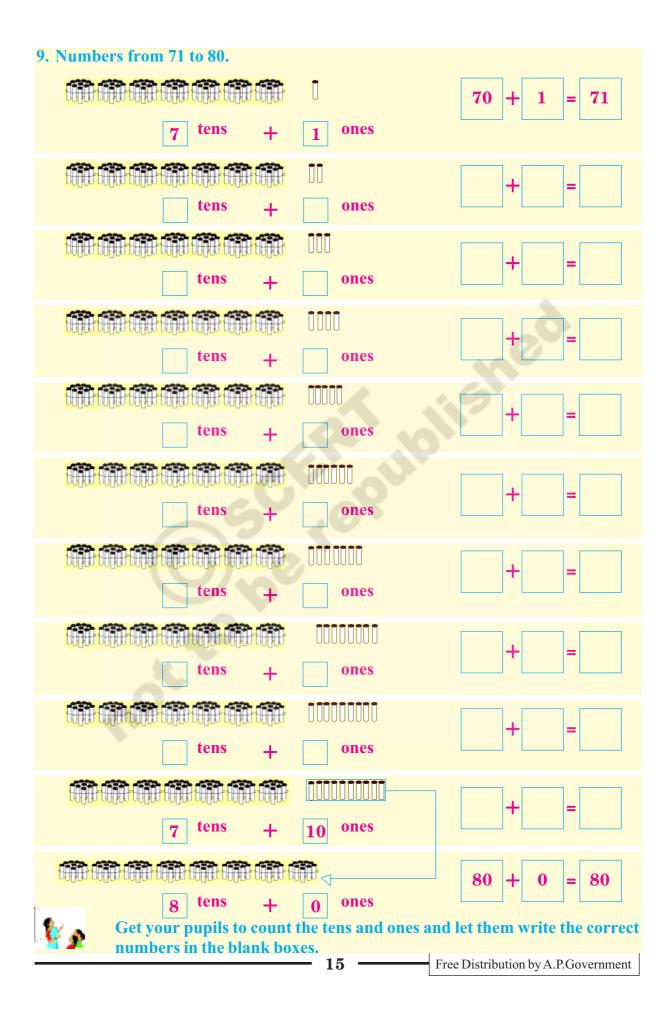




8. I	Numbers fr	om (61 to 70.	•								
								60	+	1	=	61
		6	tens	+	1	ones	١		J		J [_	
									+		=	
			tens	+		ones						
									+		=	
			tens	+		ones				_		
									+		=	
	ago ago a	(C)	tens	+		ones	A (X				
			tens	+		ones			+		=	
	- CONTRACTOR - CONT						9					
			tens	`₩₩ +	UUU	ones			+		=	
	4550 ASSO A								1		1 -	
			tens	'thou	UUU	ones			+		=	
	400a 400a 40	300a at	on on	+					1			
			tens			ones			+		=	
	4500 4500 A	302	ee ree	+					1			
			tens	'ttllt	UUU	ones			+		=	
	490a 490a 4	300 e		+					1			
						ones			+		=	
	4555 4555 A	6	tens	+	10	ones] [
		//// //	tens	###### #		ones		70	+	0	=	70
1			r pupils		int th	e tens and one	s and lo	et the	m v	vrite	the o	correc
	- nur	ndel	rs in the	DIANK	Duxes	S						













10. Numbers from 81 to 90.				
原。原。原。原。原。原。原。	FIE FIFTE	Ū	80	+ 1 = 81
8 tens	+	1 ones		
lightightightightightight	FIE SERVE		_	+ =
tens	+	ones		
原作原作原作原作原作原作	FE CETE		-	⊢ =
tens	+	ones		
मित्र क्षित्र क्षेत्र क	部語			
tens	+	ones		=
वित्रामित्रीतितितितितितितितितितितितितितितितितितिति	部研			
tens	+	ones		=
原的原的原的原的原的原的	Fig.	00000		
tens	+	ones		=
GERHEREN GEREIGE	A CAR			
tens		ones		=
tens	Динидин	ones		H =
fin	त्राच्यात्राच		-	+ =
tens	+	ones		
	FE FFE		-	-
8 tens	+	10 ones		
			90 -	+ 0 = 90
9 tens Get your pupils t	+ o count 1	0 ones the tens and one	s and let them	write the corre
numbers in the b				



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1 to 99.			
MA A		Ī	90 + 1 = 91
tens	+	1 ones	
MAN A			+ =
tens	+	ones	
			+ =
			&
			+ =
tens		ones	+ =
67 67 67 67 67 67			
tens	7	ones	+ =
tens	+	ones	+ =
tens	+	ones	+ =
A COLOR		00000000	+ =
tens	+	ones	+ =
M M M			90 + 10 = ?
tens	+	10 ones	
			let them write the corre
	tens final fin tens	tens + first state state + first state state + first state s	tens + 1 ones tens + 1 ones tens + ones



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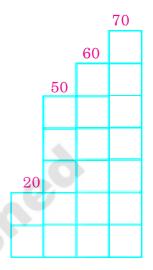


12. Observe the writing of numbers in ascending and descending orders.

Radha dictated to Ravi some numbers. They are 20, 60, 50 and 70. She asked him to write the numbers from the smallest to the biggest.

Ravi thought in the following way.

The smallest among 20, 60, 50, 70	20
The smallest among 60, 50, 70	50
The smaller of 60 and 70	60
The remaining number	70



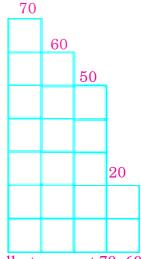
Then Ravi wrote the numbers as 20, 50, 60, 70.

Thus, writing numbers from the smallest to the biggest is known as writing in ASCENDING ORDER.

Then Radha asked Ravi to write the same set of numbers from the biggest to the smallest.

Ravi wrote like this.

The biggest among 20, 60, 50, 70	70
The biggest among 20, 60, 50	60
The bigger of 20 and 50	50
The remaining number	20



So if you write 20, 60, 50 and 70 from the biggest to the smallest, you get 70, 60, 50, 20

Thus, writing numbers from the biggest to the smallest is known as writing in DESCENDING ORDER.



Get your pupils to understand the two orders of writing any given numbers.





1. Match the pictures and the numbers. One example is given.





Get your pupils to understand the instructions given for the problems. Help them to do them by themselves.









2. a) Look at the number. Write how many tens there are in it?

Example:-

Number	Tens
80	8
30	
50	
90	
20	
70	
10	

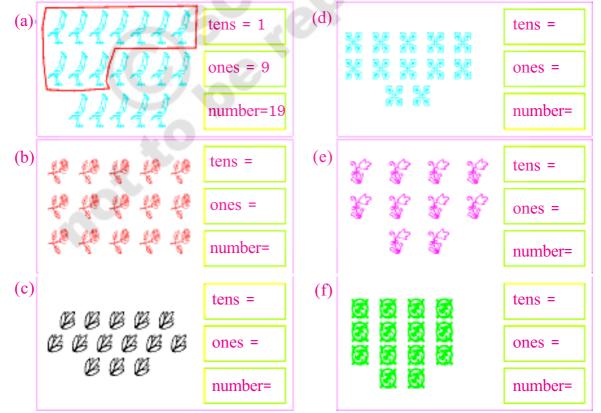
b) Fill in the blank boxes with the correct numbers

Ex:-

Number	Tens
50	5
	6
	7
40	
	2
	3
10	

3. Count the pictures in tens and ones. Write the correct numbers in the boxes.

Example:-



Get your pupils to understand the instructions and let them solve the sums by themselves.



4. Write the correct numbers in the blank boxes.

Ex: 4	tens	+	1	ones	=	40	+	1	=	41
(a) 3	tens	+	4	ones	=		+	4	=	
(b) 7	tens	+		ones	=		+	6	=	
(c) 8	tens	+	7	ones	=		+		=	87
(d) 6	tens	+		ones	=		+	8	-	68
(e) 9	tens	+	9	ones	=		+		=	

5. Write the correct numbers in the blank boxes.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12		14	46		17			20
			5	25					
31		33					38		40
	42				46			49	
51				55			58		60
61		63				67			
	72				76			79	80
81			84				88		90
91									



Get your pupils to understand the instructions and let them solve the sums by themselves.

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6. Draw a 'O' around the smaller number. Look at the examples.

Example:-

30	60
75	55
43	44
39	59
40	44

(

7. Put a '√' on the biggest number.

Example:-

	30	40	50	6 0	
(a)	62	52	32	42	
(b)	44	34	64	54	

(c)	56	66	46	36

(d)	38	48	68	58	
-----	----	----	----	----	--

8. Draw a 'O' around the smallest number.

Ex:- (



9. Identify between which numbers the given numbers lie with a '√'. Look at the example.

Example:

42	40-50	50-60	30-40
62	50-60	60-70	70-80
54	40-50	50-60	60-70
36	30-40	40-50	50-60
12	10-20	0-10	20-30
	62 54 36	62 50-60 54 40-50 36 30-40	62 50-60 60-70 54 40-50 50-60 36 30-40 40-50



Get your pupils to understand the instructions and let them solve the sums by themselves.

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a)	Ramesh has Rs. 50. Sita has Rs. 30. Who has more money? Answer orally.
b)	Pavan got 45 marks in Mathematics, Janaki got 75, Razia got 65 and Vaani got 59
	Say these numbers in ascending order.
c)	Write the number in which there are 5 ones and 7 tens.
d)	Write a problem which you can solve using the equation $20 + 5 = 25$.

11. Write 5 numbers with 2 digits using 4, 5, 7. Write them as shown in the example.

Number	Tens + Ones
Ex:- 57	50 + 7
10	

12. Look at the numbers. Draw 'O' around those which are between 20 and 30.

64	Ex 24	17	20	31
26	37	22	58	93
76	21	50	64	27
19	30	29	83	18



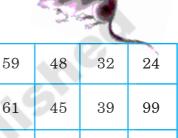
Get your pupils to understand the instructions and let them solve the sums by themselves.

13. Draw '()' around the numbers where you see 4 in the ones place.

53	87	Ex:-	68	42
43	79	84	53	59
54	32	83	74	64
81	58	34	57	40

14. Play the Rat's tail game.

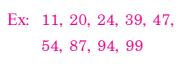
Extend the rat's tail from the smallest to the biggest number given in the grid.



63	74	78	92
68	70	80	85

15. Show the way to the top of the hill.

- Start from the lowest row.
- Reach the big number from the small one.
- Go upwards or to sidewards but not downwards.
- Reach the number 99.
- Show as many ways as you can.



				63	94				
52 87						79			
	/ '	46		54	7	5	82		
/ ;	37	4	<u> 1</u> 7	6	3	79	9	92	
0	3	9		37	5	7	69	9	72
	24 43		43	29		63		65	
•	10 4		1	1 37		29			
24							35		

99



Get your pupils to understand the instructions and let them solve the sums by themselves.

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